

12th Edition Pediatrics Core

Cardiology:

Page 13-4, The 15-Lead Electrocardiogram (ECG) > Common Pediatric Murmurs > Innocent Murmurs > Systolic Innocent Murmurs

<i>Text currently reads:</i>	<i>Text should read:</i>
If the murmur is very harsh, or does not resolve, refer the patient to a pediatric cardiologist to rule out true branch pulmonary AS .	If the murmur is very harsh, or does not resolve, refer the patient to a pediatric cardiologist to rule out true branch PS .

Page 13-48, Cardiomyopathy > Overview

<i>Text currently reads:</i>	<i>Text should read:</i>
Many cases in children are idiopathic, but some may be the result of isolated genetic mutations, genetic syndromes, “burned-out” myocarditis (particularly from coxsackie B), neuromuscular disorders (e.g., Erb palsy , Becker muscular dystrophy), metabolic disorders, and drug toxicity.	Many cases in children are idiopathic, but some may be the result of isolated genetic mutations, genetic syndromes, “burned-out” myocarditis (particularly from coxsackie B), neuromuscular disorders (e.g., Becker muscular dystrophy), metabolic disorders, and drug toxicity.

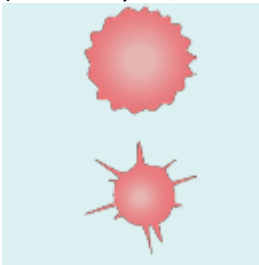
Emergency Medicine:

Page 7-16, Bites and Stings > Snake Bites

<i>Text currently reads:</i>	<i>Text should read:</i>
Figure 7-7: Coral Snake . Red touch black is harmless.	Figure 7-7: Scarlet Kingsnake . Red touch black is harmless.

Hematology:

Page 24-6, Anemia > Laboratory Results

<i>Text currently reads:</i>	<i>Text should read:</i>
Table 24-1: Significance of Specific Changes in the Peripheral Smear Burr cells (echinocytes; top) vs spur cells (acanthocytes; bottom) 	Table 24-1: Significance of Specific Changes in the Peripheral Smear Burr cells (echinocytes; top) vs spur cells (acanthocytes; bottom) 

Page 24-15, Anemia > Etiology > Inherited Survival Defects > Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase (G6PD) Deficiency

<i>Text currently reads:</i>	<i>Text should read:</i>
Symptoms of a hemolytic crisis include sudden onset of pallor, fatigue, and dark urine. Symptoms of a hemolytic crisis include sudden onset of pallor, fatigue, and dark urine.	Symptoms of a hemolytic crisis include sudden onset of pallor, fatigue, and dark urine.

Metabolic:

Page 23-5, Intoxications > Disorders of Amino Acid Metabolism > Phenylalanine-Tyrosine Disorders > Phenylketonuria (PKU)

<i>Text currently reads:</i>	<i>Text should read:</i>
Untreated patients develop irreversible intellectual disability by 8 weeks of age.	Untreated patients develop irreversible intellectual disability.

Page 23-11, Intoxications > Sugar Intolerance > Galactosemia >

<i>Text currently reads:</i>	<i>Text should read:</i>
In untreated classic or clinical galactosemia, infants present clinically in the first few days of life after their first lactose meal with some combination of: · Jaundice · Vomiting · Hepatosplenomegaly · Seizures · Cataracts · Lethargy · Irritability · Poor weight gain · Hypoglycemia · Vitreous hemorrhage · Cirrhosis · Ascites · Intellectual disability	In untreated classic or clinical galactosemia, infants present clinically in the first few days of life after their first lactose meal with some combination of: · Jaundice · Vomiting · Hepatosplenomegaly · Seizures · Cataracts · Lethargy · Irritability · Poor weight gain · Hypoglycemia · Vitreous hemorrhage · Cirrhosis · Ascites

Nephrology:

Page 14-13, Electrolyte Abnormalities > Potassium > Hypokalemia Manifestations and Treatment > Hyperaldosteronism

<i>Text currently reads:</i>	<i>Text should read:</i>
Laboratory findings include high Na⁺, low K⁺ , and elevated bicarbonate level.	Laboratory findings include elevated Na⁺ (sometimes normal in primary) , low K⁺ , and elevated bicarbonate level.

Neurology:

Page 12-32, Headache > Primary Headache Disorders > Migraine Headaches > Treatment

<i>Text currently reads:</i>	<i>Text should read:</i>
Rizatriptan is approved for children 6-17 years of age, and sumatriptan nasal spray is approved for children ≥ 12 years of age .	Rizatriptan is approved for children 6-17 years of age, and sumatriptan nasal spray is approved for those ≥ 18 years of age (but often used off-label in those ≥ 12 years of age) .