

9th Edition Pediatrics Core

Neonatology:

Page 1-6, Prenatal Care > Prophylaxis for Group B Streptococcus

Text currently reads:	Text should read:
GBS-colonized women undergoing C- section before onset of labor and who have intact membranes. GBS-colonized women undergoing C-section before onset of labor and who have intact membranes.	 GBS-colonized women undergoing C- section before onset of labor and who have intact membranes.

Page 1-19, The Newborn Examination > The Head > Craniosynostosis

Text currently reads:	Text should read:
The skull grows perpendicular to the suture line;	Normally the skull grows perpendicular to the
therefore, for example, premature closure of the	suture line; therefore, for example, premature
sagittal suture prevents growth in the coronal	closure of the sagittal suture prevents growth
direction, resulting in a long, thin head	in the coronal direction, resulting in a long, thin
(scaphocephaly).	head (scaphocephaly).

Page 1-20, The Newborn Examination > The Head > Caput Succedaneum

Text currently reads:	Text should read:	
	Figure 1-10: Caput succedaneum	



Growth & Development:

Page 2-15, Developmental Milestones > Table 2-13

Table currently reads:

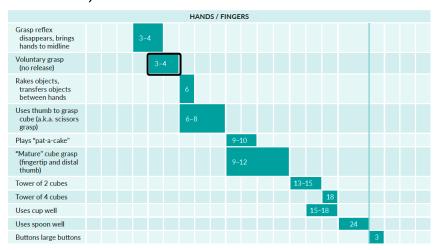
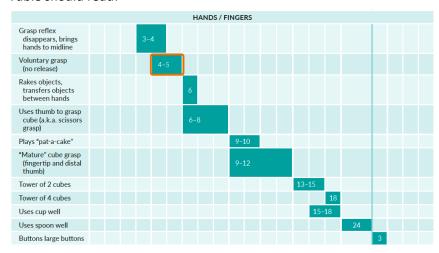


Table should read:



Adolescent Medicine & Sexual Health:

Page 5-30, Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) > Infections with Vaginal Discharge > Bacterial Vaginosis

Text currently reads:	Text should read:
About 50–75% of cases are asymptomatic.	About 50–75% of cases are asymptomatic.
Symptomatic patients have a thin, homogenous,	Symptomatic patients have a thin,
grayish-white discharge associated with a	homogeneous, grayish-white discharge
pungent "fishy" odor which is often more	associated with a pungent "fishy" odor which
noticeable after intercourse or with menses.	is often more noticeable after intercourse or
	with menses.



Page 5-30, Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) > Infections with Vaginal Discharge > Bacterial Vaginosis

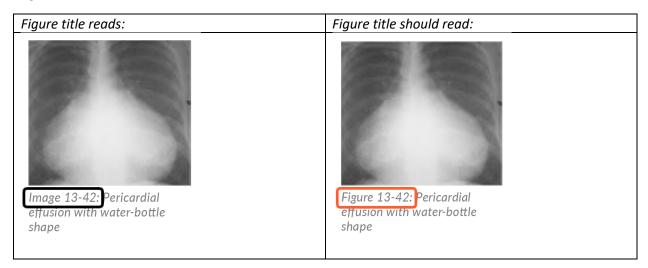
Text currently reads:	Text should read:
Diagnosis of BV requires 3 of the 4 following	Diagnosis of BV requires 3 of the 4 following
(Amsel criteria):	(Amsel criteria):
1) Homogenous, grayish-white,	1) Homogeneous, grayish-white,
noninflammatory discharge that	noninflammatory discharge that
smoothly coats the vaginal wall	smoothly coats the vaginal wall

Cardiology:

Page 13-23, Left-To-Right Shunts > Overview

Text currently reads:	Text should read:
The lower compliance of the right ventricle	The higher compliance of the right ventricle
allows blood to shunt left to right through	allows blood to shunt left to right through
the ASD.	the ASD.

Page 13-47, Pericardial Diseases > Pericarditis > Pericarditis with Effusion



Nephrology & Urology:

Page 14-45, Chronic Kidney Disease > Malignancy-Associated AKI

Text currently reads:	Text should read:
More on tumor lysis syndrome is found	More on tumor lysis syndrome is found
in the Hematology section.	in the Oncology section.



Page 14-54, Normally Development and Urologic Abnormalities > Disorders of Voiding > Nocturnal Enuresis

Text currently reads:	Text should read:
Nocturnal enuresis occurs in 10% of 5-year-olds	Nocturnal enuresis occurs in approximately
and spontaneously resolves at a rate of about	15% of 5-year-olds and spontaneously resolves
15% per year.	at a rate of about 15% per year.

Allergy & Immunology: Page 16-14, Eczema > Atopic Dermatitis

Text currently reads:	Text should read:
Up to 50% of these patients can have a false-	Up to 50% of these patients can have a false-
positive result, so routine food allergy testing	positive result, so routine food allergy testing
is not recommended.	is not recommended. However, food allergy
	testing is recommended prior to introduction
	of peanut-containing foods to the 4- to 6-month-
	old infant who has severe eczema, egg allergy,
	or both.

Infectious Disease:

Page 17-17, Evaluation of International Adoptees > Overview

Text currently reads:	Text should read:
More than 90% of international adoptees are	More than 90% of international adoptees are
from Asia (China, South Korea, Vietnam, India,	from Asia (China, South Korea, Vietnam, India,
Kazakhstan, and the Philippines); Latin America	Kazakhstan, and the Philippines); Latin America
and the Caribbean (Guatemala, Columbia,	and the Caribbean (Guatemala, Colombia,
and Haiti); Eastern Europe (Russia and Ukraine);	and Haiti); Eastern Europe (Russia and Ukraine);
and Africa (Ethiopia, Nigeria, Liberia, and Ghana).	and Africa (Ethiopia, Nigeria, Liberia, and Ghana).
Many of these children have unknown medical	Many of these children have unknown medical
histories prior to adoption and have had limited	histories prior to adoption and have had limited
health care; evaluation can be a challenge.	health care; evaluation can be a challenge.